

# Variation 1 – No-Waste Flying Geese (makes 4 flying geese units)

These geese have a two different colored corner triangles (see Figure 1).

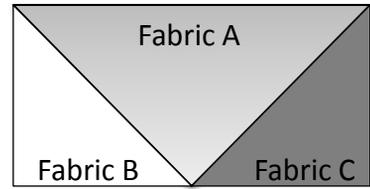


Figure 1

Follow to No-Waste Flying Geese technique with the exceptions noted below.

## Cutting Fabric:

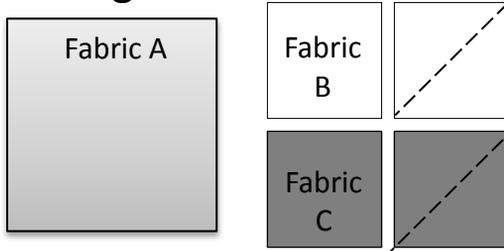


Figure 2

Size to cut fabric (see Figure 2):

- Fabric A – Cut 1 square finished width + 1 ½"
- Fabric B – Cut 2 squares finished height + 1" & cut ONE in half on the diagonal
- Fabric C – Cut 2 squares finished height + 1" & cut ONE in half on the diagonal.

Mark cutting line diagonally from corner to corner on the wrong side of the 4 small squares (Fabric B & C). Mark stitching lines a scant ¼" on each side of the cutting line (see Figure 3).

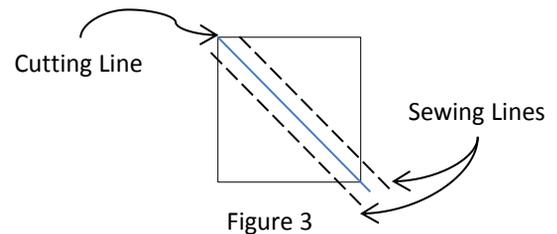


Figure 3

## Fabric Placement:

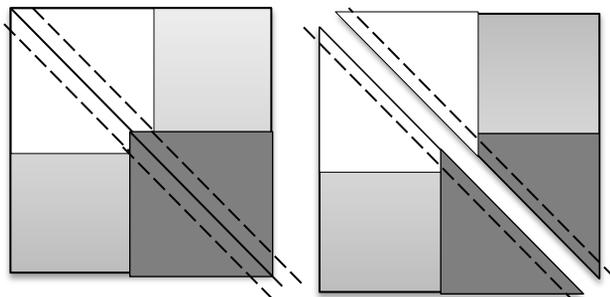


Figure 4

Figure 5

With right sides together, place one Fabric B and one Fabric C square on opposite corners of the large square.

Match up outer corners & marked lines. Inner corners will overlap (see Figure 4).

Stitch on the marked stitching lines & cut apart (see Figure 5).

Press toward B/C triangles.

After separating and pressing, you should have mirror-image sets.

Cut each set in half diagonally, from between the Fabric B & C triangles to the corner of the large triangle. See Figure 6.

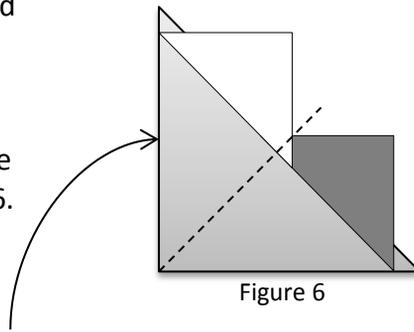
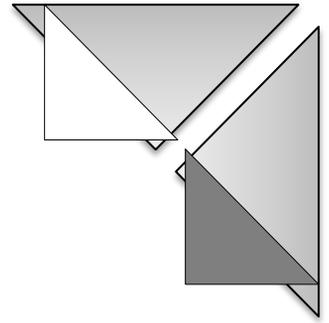


Figure 6



Line up with 45\* line on ruler

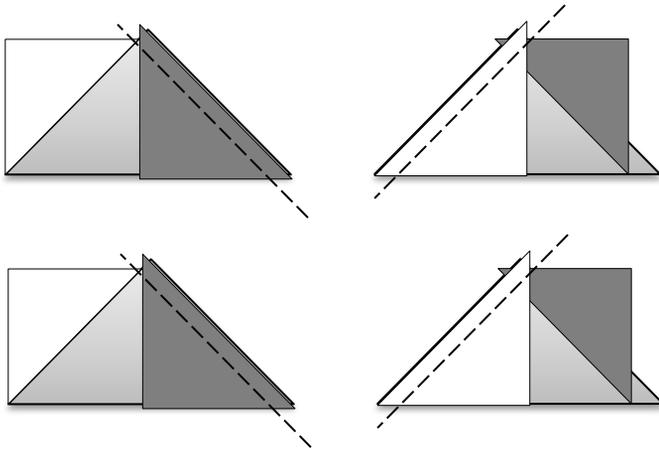


Figure 7

Place a HST of the OPPOSITE color on each goose. Match up outer edges of the triangles (see Figure 7).

Stitch a scant  $\frac{1}{4}$ " along the bias edge & press toward the triangle.

Trim geese to finished size +  $\frac{1}{2}$ " – make sure inner point is centered  $\frac{1}{4}$ " from edge & seams line up with the corners (see Figure 8—dotted line is the seam line when you join units).

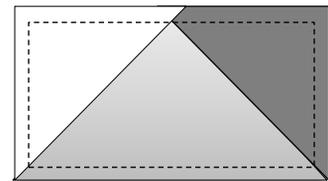


Figure 8